## Comprehension type

Question	Calomel cell is a secondary reference electrode. It is metal, metal sparingly soluble salt, anion electrode. In this mercury ( $l$ ) and a paste of Hg <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> (Calomel) is in equilibrium with Cl <sup>-</sup> ions. When saturated KCl is taken then it is called saturated calomel electrode, when 1MCl <sup>-</sup> taken then it is called standard calomel electrode. Calomel electrode is used to calculate the electrode potential of other electrodes. $E_{\text{Hg}_2^2+(aq)/\text{Hg}_2^2+(aq)}^{\circ} = -0.92 \text{ V}, E_{\text{Hg}(l)/\text{Hg}_2^2+(aq)}^{\circ} = -0.79 \text{ V} \\ \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{S}) + 2e^- \rightarrow 2\text{Hg}(l) + 2\text{Cl}^- \text{(saturated }); E = +0.24 \text{ V} \\ k_{sp} \text{ of Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 \text{(Calomel }) \text{ is } 10^{-52/3}; 2.303RT/F = 0.06 \text{ V}$	
Туре	comprehension	
Question	Concentration of $KCl$ in saturated KCl solution is $\sqrt{X}M$ , $X$ value is	
Туре	multiple_choice	
Option	10	correct
Option	20	incorrect
Option	15	incorrect
Option	30	incorrect
Solution		
Marks	4	1
Question	When standard calomel electrode is coupled with $X^-(1M)/X_2(bar)/Pt$ (acts as cathode) potentiometer reading is $1.09 \text{ V} \cdot E_{Pt/X_2(0.01\text{bar})/X^{-1}(0.1\text{M})}$ in milli volts is	
Type	multiple_choice	

Option	1460	incorrect
Option	1360	correct
Option	1320	incorrect
Option	1160	incorrect
Solution		
Marks	4	1

Question	The ground state of $O_2$ has two unpaired electrons with parallel spins. There are two known low - lying excited states of $O_2$ . State (A) has two $\pi^*$ electrons paired in the same orbital. State (B) has two $\pi^*$ electrons with the spins antiparallel but in different orbitals. The energies of the excited from ground state are 95.00KJ/mol and 157.85KJ/mol respectively.
Type	comprehension
Question	Oxygen in gaseous state is paramagnetic with two unpaired electrons in $\pi$ antibonding orbitals and it is triplet ground state. Oxygen have some blue colour due to excitation of triplet ground state to excited state The energy required for the excitation of triplet ground state to singlet excited state is $95 \text{kJmol}^{-1}$ . Calculate the wavelength (nanometer) of the absorbed light for the excitation of two $0_2$

	molecules by absorbing one photon for excitation (h value $6.626\times 10^{-34} \text{JS}$ ).	
Туре	multiple_choice	
Option	650	incorrect
Option	630	correct
Option	610	incorrect
Option	730	incorrect
Solution		
Marks	4	1
Question	Sum of the spin multiplicities of ground state, first and second excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to	
		na secona
Туре		na secona
	excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to	incorrect
Туре	excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to multiple_choice	1
Type Option	excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to multiple_choice  15	incorrect
Type Option Option	excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to multiple_choice  15 30	incorrect incorrect
Type Option Option Option	excited states are equals to X then 5X equals to multiple_choice  15 30 25	incorrect incorrect correct

## Single correct answer

Question	The ratio of uncertainty in wave length and uncertainty in velocity of electron revolving in an atom is equal to:	
Type	multiple_choice	
Option	$\frac{\lambda}{v}$	correct
Option	$\frac{h}{mv}$	incorrect

Option	$\frac{h^2}{mv^2}$	incorrect
Option	$\frac{\lambda^2}{v}$	incorrect
Solution		
Marks	4	1

Question	$\frac{1\text{eq. Br}_2, \Delta}{} \times \text{X (Major)}$	
	Major product X and the intermediate involved in the form	nation of
Туре	multiple_choice	
Option	Br $Br$ $Br$ ,	incorrect
Option	Br, Br	incorrect
Option	Br Br ⊕	incorrect
Option	Br Br Br →	correct
Solution		

Marks	4	1
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Question	In which of the following reaction meta substitution prod- formed majorly or nearly as much as para substitution pr	
Туре	multiple_choice	
Option	NO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> Cl/AlCl <sub>3</sub>	incorrect
Option	OPh  Br <sub>2</sub> /Fe  monobromination	incorrect
Option	HNO <sub>3</sub> in Ac <sub>2</sub> O	incorrect
Option	NH <sub>2</sub> HNO <sub>3</sub> +H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , 288K  →	correct
Solution		1
Marks	4	1

Question	The main reason for the distinct difference in the properties of $\rm CO_2$ and $\rm SiO_2$ is $\rm (1086~kJ~mol^{-1}~for~C~and~786~kJ~mol^{-1}~for~Si)$	
Туре	multiple_choice	
Option	carbon is more electronegative than 0 and in case of $SiO_2$ oxygen is more electronegative than silicon	incorrect
Option	carbon has small size and forms a $\pi$ bond with good overlap whereas silicon has larger size hence has a poor $\pi$ overlap	correct
Option	carbon has only 'p' orbitals and lacks 'd' orbitals whereas silicon has 'd' orbitals	incorrect
Option	first ionization potential of carbon is higher than that of silicon	incorrect
Solution		
Marks	4	1

## Multiple Select question

Question	The equivalent mass of substance is:	
Type	multiple_choice	
Option	The mass of substance which combines or displaces 8 gm of oxygen in any reaction.	incorrect
Option	The Mass of substance which combines with 35.5 gm of Cl to form chloride salt.	correct
Option	The mass of substance which exchange 1 mole of electrons in a redox reaction	correct

Option	The mass of substance which combines with 1gm of H.	correct
Solution		
Marks	4	1

Overation	D. F., standard Marian M. Tallandard Standard	
Question	D –Fructose on oxidation with Tollens reagent gives	
Type	multiple_choice	
Option	Н—С—ОН НО—С—Н Н—С—ОН Н—С—ОН СН <sub>2</sub> —ОН	correct
Option	О С Н НО С Н НО С ОН Н С ОН СН <sub>2</sub> —ОН	correct

Option	0 0	incorrect
	Н—-С-ОН	
	HO——C——H	
	НО——С——Н	
	H——Ç—ОН	
	ĊH <sub>2</sub> —ОН	
Option	0 0	incorrect
	C'	
	HO——Ç——H	
	Н——С—ОН	
	H——Ç—OH	
	CH <sub>2</sub> —OH	
Solution		
Marks	4	1

	If trans $[Cr(en)_2(NCS)_2](SCN)$ is heated, it forms gaseous ethylene diamine and ionic solid is produced, which contains both complex cation and complex anion and both containing two types of ligands. The correct statements about this process is
Туре	multiple_choice

Option	In this process chromium ion undergoes disproportionation incor	
Option	It can exhibit coordination isomerism as well as linkage isomerism	
Option	It can exhibit geometrical as well as optical isomerism	correct
Option	It is a redox reaction incor	
Solution		
Marks	4	1

## Integer Type questions

Question	For a reaction ${}^{0.1M}_{0.1M} {}^{5M}_{5M}$ , rate constant is found to be $6 \times 10^{-3} \ lt/mol/sec$ . Half-life 0.1 M 5 M period of reaction is (in sec).	
Туре	integer	
Answer	23	
Solution		
Marks	4 0	

	10 g of Ne gas at 500 k pa and 300 K is expanded adiabatically to a pressure of 250 k pa. If the expansion is carried out irreversibly, change in entropy of the gas is $P \times 10^{-3}$ cal/k. P value is (Given: $\ln x = 2.3 \log x$ , $\log 2 = 0.3$ )
Type	integer

Answer	115	
Solution		
Marks	4	0

Question	Methoxychlor is an insecticide that was intended to take DDT's place because it is not as soluble in fatty tissues and is more readily biodegradable. It is prepared by the reaction of chloral with excess anisole in conc. $H_2SO_4$ . G.M.W. of methoxychlor (in g) is (Given: At. wt. of $H$ is 1, $C$ is 12, $O$ is 16, $Cl$ is 35)	
Type	integer	
Answer	344	
Solution		
Marks	4	0

Question	Since singlet: $CH_2$ is highly reactive, it is very less selective $1^{\circ}-$ , $2^{\circ}$ - and $3^{\circ}-C-H$ are almost nearly equally reactive	
	Percentage yield of major product is	
Type	integer	
Answer	50	
Solution		

Marks 4 0	
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Question	Find the number of substances which contain metal (chief) in their elemental form: Copper matte, Argentite, Pig iron, Alumina, Blister copper, Black Jack, Spelter	
Type	integer	
Answer	3	
Solution		
Marks	4	0

Question	How many of the following atoms/ions are smaller in size than silicon atom. B, C, N, F, Ga, P, S, Cl, Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Cr <sup>3+</sup> .	
Type	integer	
Answer	9	
Solution		
Marks	4	0